Amendments To The Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing Of Claims

1–19 (canceled)

- 20. (currently amended): A method of producing linear α -1,4 glucans comprising using a protein having the enzymatic activity of an amylosucrase that is coded for by a DNA molecule comprising a first DNA sequence encoding said protein, wherein said first DNA sequence is has more than 60% homologous sequence identity to a second DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) a DNA sequence coding for a protein having comprising SEQ ID NO:2;
 - (b) the coding region of SEQ ID NO:1;
- (c) a DNA sequence encoding a protein having amylosucrase activity in the DNA insert of plasmid pNB2 from Neisseria bacteria having deposit number (Deutsche Sammlung von Mikroorganismen (DSM) 9196);
- (d) a DNA sequence coding for a protein encoded by the DNA insert of plasmid pNB2 from Neisseria bacteria having deposit number (DSM 9196);
- (e) a part of any one of the DNA sequences of (a)-(d) coding for a protein having the enzymatic activity of an amylosucrase; and
- (f) a full length complement of the DNA sequence of any one of (a)—(e); incubating said protein encoded by said first DNA sequence with sucrose under conditions that allow said protein to produce linear α-1,4 glucans; and

isolating the linear α -1,4 glucans.

- 21. (currently amended): A method of producing fructose comprising using a protein having the enzymatic activity of an amylosucrase that is coded for by a DNA molecule comprising a first DNA sequence encoding said protein, wherein said first DNA sequence is has more than 60% homologous sequence identity to a second DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) a DNA sequence coding for a protein having comprising SEQ ID NO:2;
 - (ii) the coding region of SEQ ID NO:1;
- (iii) a DNA sequence encoding a protein having amylosucrase activity in the DNA insert of plasmid pNB2 from Neisseria bacteria having deposit number (DSM 9196);
- (iv) a DNA sequence coding for a protein encoded by the DNA insert of plasmid pNB2 from Neisseria bacteria having deposit number (DSM 9196);
- (v) a part of any one of the DNA sequences of (i)–(iv) coding for a protein having the enzymatic activity of an amylosucrase; and
- (vi) a full length complement of the DNA sequence of any one of (i)-(v); incubating said protein encoded by said first DNA sequence with sucrose under conditions that allow said protein to produce fructose; and

22-32 (canceled)

isolating the fructose.

33. (currently amended): A process for the production of linear α -1,4 glucans, fructose and/or fructose syrup comprising the steps of:

(a) culturing a host cell comprising a protein having the enzymatic activity of an amylosucrase, that is encoded for by a DNA molecule comprising a first DNA sequence encoding said protein, wherein said first DNA sequence is has more than 60% homologous sequence identity to a second DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) a DNA sequence coding for a protein having comprising SEQ ID NO:2;

- (ii) the coding region of SEQ ID NO:1;
- (iii) a DNA sequence encoding a protein having amylosucrase activity in the DNA insert of plasmid pNB2 from Neisseria bacteria having deposit number (DSM 9196);
- (iv) a DNA sequence coding for a protein encoded by the DNA insert of plasmid pNB2 from Neisseria bacteria having deposit number (DSM 9196);
- (v) a part of any one of the DNA sequences of (i)-(iv) coding for a protein having the enzymatic activity of an amylosucrase; and
- (vi) a full length complement of the DNA sequence of any one of (i)—(v);

wherein the host cell secretes said protein encoded by said first DNA sequence into a culture medium comprising sucrose under conditions allowing expression and secretion of said protein; and

(b) recovering the produced α -1,4 glucans, fructose and/or fructose syrup from the culture medium.

- 34. (previously presented) The process according to claim 33, wherein the host cell is immobilized.
- 35. (currently amended): A process for the production of linear α -1,4 glucans comprising the steps of:
- (a) producing an expression cassette comprising the following DNA sequences:
- (i) a promoter that is active in plants and ensures formation of an RNA in the respective target tissue or target cells;
- (ii) a DNA molecule comprising a first DNA sequence encoding a protein having the enzymatic activity of an amylosucrase, wherein said first DNA sequence is has more than 60% homologous sequence identity to a second DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (1) a DNA sequence coding for a protein having comprising SEQ ID NO:2;
 - (2) the coding region of SEQ ID NO:1;
- (3) a DNA sequence encoding a protein having amylosucrase activity in the DNA insert of plasmid pNB2 from Neisseria bacteria having deposit number (DSM 9196);
- (4) a DNA sequence coding for a protein encoded by the DNA insert of plasmid pNB2 from Neisseria bacteria having deposit number (DSM 9196);
- (5) a part of any one of the DNA sequences of (1)–(4) coding for a protein having the enzymatic activity of an amylosucrase; and

(6) a full length complement of the DNA sequence of any one of (1)—(5);

wherein said DNA molecule is fused to the promoter in sense orientation; and

(iii) a signal sequence functional in plants for transcription termination

and polyadenylation of an RNA molecule fused to said DNA molecule;

- (b) transferring the expression cassette into a plant cell;
- (c) regenerating a transgenic plant from the transformed plant cell; and
- (d) isolating the linear α -1,4 glucans synthesized in the plant from the plant.
- 36. (previously presented): The process according to claim 35, wherein the expression cassette contains a nucleotide sequence encoding a transit peptide which ensures transport of the protein having the enzymatic activity of an amylosucrase to a vacuole or to an apoplast.
- 37. (previously presented) The process according to claim 35, wherein the DNA molecule of part (a)(ii) does not contain a signal sequence effecting secretion to the apoplast.
- 38. (previously presented) The process according to claim 35, wherein the promoter of part (a)(i) ensures the expression of amylosucrase in sucrose storage organs of the plant.
 - 39. (canceled).

- 40. (currently amended): A process for the production of linear α -1,4 glucans, fructose and/or fructose syrup in vitro comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a solution comprising sucrose with a protein having the enzymatic activity of an amylosucrase encoded for by a DNA molecule comprising a first DNA sequence encoding said protein, wherein said first DNA sequence is has more than 60% homologous sequence identity to a second DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (i) a DNA sequence coding for a protein having comprising SEQ ID NO:2;
 - (ii) the coding region of SEQ ID NO:1;
- (iii) a DNA sequence encoding a protein having amylosucrase activity in the DNA insert of plasmid pNB2 from Neisseria bacteria having deposit number (DSM 9196);
- (iv) a DNA sequence coding for a protein encoded by the DNA insert of plasmid pNB2 from Neisseria bacteria having deposit number (DSM 9196);
- (v) a part of any one of the DNA sequences of (i)—(iv) coding for a protein having the enzymatic activity of an amylosucrase; and
- (vi) a full length complement of the DNA sequence of any one of (i)—(v);

under conditions allowing the conversion of sucrose to α -1,4 glucans and fructose by said protein encoded by the first DNA sequence; and

- (b) recovering the produced α -1,4 glucans, fructose and/or fructose syrup from the solution.
- 41. (previously presented) The process according to claim 40, wherein the protein is immobilized.
 - 42-46. (canceled).
- 47. (currently amended): A process for the production of linear α -1,4 glucans, fructose and/or fructose syrup comprising the steps of:
- (a) culturing a microorganism comprising a protein having the enzymatic activity of an amylosucrase encoded for by a DNA molecule comprising a first DNA sequence encoding said protein, wherein said first DNA sequence is has more than 60% homologous sequence identity to a second DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (i) a DNA sequence coding for a protein having comprising SEQ ID NO:2;
 - (ii) the coding region of SEQ ID NO:1;
- (iii) a DNA sequence encoding a protein having amylosucrase activity in the DNA insert of plasmid pNB2 from Neisseria bacteria having deposit number (DSM 9196);
- (iv) a DNA sequence coding for a protein encoded by the DNA insert of plasmid pNB2 from Neisseria bacteria having deposit number (DSM 9196);
- (v) a part of any one of the DNA sequences of (i)-(iv) coding for a protein having the enzymatic activity of an amylosucrase; and

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(vi) a full length complement of the DNA sequence of any one of (i)-(v),

wherein the microorganism secretes said protein encoded by said first DNA sequence into a culture medium comprising sucrose under conditions allowing expression and secretion of said protein; and

(b) recovering the produced α -1,4 glucans, fructose and/or fructose syrup from the culture medium.